2.—Locations, Dates Established, Areas and Characteristics of the National Parks of Canada and Dominion Reserves, 1941—continued

Park	Location	Date Estab- lished	Area	Characteristics
Animal Parks and Reserves			sq. miles	
Buffalo	Eastern Alberta, near Wainwright.	1908	197-50	Fenced area originally set aside for the preservation of buffalo and other big game. Animal population since withdrawn; area now being utilized by Department of National Defence for war purposes.
Elk Island	Central Alberta, near Lamont.	1913 (Re- served 1906)	51-20	Fenced preserve containing a large herd of plains buffalo; also numerous deer, elk and moose. Recreational area at Astotin Lake; camping, boating, bathing, tennis and golf.
Nemiskam	Southern Alberta, near Foremost.	1922	8.50	Fenced preserve containing a herd of pronghorned antelope, a species native to the region.
Wood Buffalo1,	Partly in Alberta (13,675 sq. miles) and partly in Northwest Terri- tories (3,625 sq. miles), west of Athabaska and Slave Rivers.	1922	17,300·00 (approx.)	Immense unfenced area of forests and open plains, dotted with lakes and coursed by numerous streams and rivers. Contains a large herd of buffalo, including the "woodland" type and also surplus plains buffalo from Buffalo National Park; also bear, beaver, caribou, deer, moose and waterfowl. Area as yet undeveloped.
Historic Parks				
Fort Anne	Nova Scotia (Annapolis Royal).	1917	31-00 (acres)	Site of early Acadian settlement of Port Royal. Contains well-preserved fortifications of earthworks type; also museum housing a fine historical library and numerous exhibits relating to early periods.
Fort Beauséjour	New Brunswick, near Sackville.	1926	59·00 (acres)	Site of French fort erected in middle of 18th century. Renamed Fort Cumberland by British on capture in 1755; original name since restored. Contains museum with many exhibits relating to history of region.
Fortress of Louisbourg.	Cape Breton Island, N.S., 25 miles from Sydney.		340 (acres)	Old walled city and strategic military and naval station built by the French, 1720-40. Captured by the British in 1758, it was destroyed in 1760. A museum on the site contains interesting mementoes of historic past.
Port Royal	Lower Granville, N.S., 8 miles from Annapolis Royal.	1941	17 (acres)	Reconstruction on the exact site, of the Port Royal "Habitation" erected by De Monts and Champlain in 1605. The original group of buildings, which sheltered the first permanent European settlement in Canada, was destroyed in 1613.
Fort Chambly	Chambly Canton, Que.	1941	2·5 (acres)	French fort first constructed in 1665 on Richelieu River. Rebuilt of stone in 1711, it figured in several wars. Contains a museum housing many interesting exhibits. A military cemetery outside walls of fort is included in park area.

¹ Administered by the Bureau of Northwest Territories and Yukon Affairs of the Lands, Parks and Forests Branch, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa.